

LANDWISE project overview

NERC Evaluating the effectiveness of natural flood management programme

Prof Joanna Clark, et al. University of Reading



Natural Environment Research Council

LANDWISE: LAND management in IoWland catchments for Integrated flood riSk rEduction

Research & Consultancy: University of Reading, British Geological Survey, Centre for Ecology and Hydrology, University of Gloucestershire, Forest Research, JBA Consulting, CGI Group, Institute for Environmental Analytics JBA Trust, University of Sheffield, Agrimetrics, Policy: Environment Agency, Natural England, Forestry Commission Flood Groups: National Flood Forum, Loddon Valley Residents Association, Swallowfield Flood **Resilience Group, Pang Valley Flood Forum** Farm Advisors: National Farmers Union, Farm and Wildlife Advisory Group (SE), Farm and Wildlife Advisory Group (SW) Farmers: Wilts Soil and Root Innovators, Penn Croft Farm, Hendred Farm Partnership, Fincham Farm Partnership, Yateley House Farm, Kingsclere Estate, Farmer Guardians of the Upper Thames **Conservation NGOs:** The National Trust, Loddon Fisheries & Conservation Consultative, Blackwater Valle Countryside Partnership, Wild Oxfordshire, Foundation for Water Research, Action for River Kennet, South East Rivers Trust, Freshwater Habitats Trust, Berkshire, Buckinghamshire & Oxfordshire Wildlife Trust, Hampshire and Isle of Wight Wildlife Trust, Westcountry Rivers Trust

Local Flood Authorities: Wokingham Borough Council, West Berkshire Council, Hart District Council, Swindon Borough Council, Thames Regional Flood & Coastal Committee Water Utilities: Affinity Water, Thames Water

Catchment Partnerships: Loddon, Chilterns, Upper Thames, Evenlode, Kennet and others

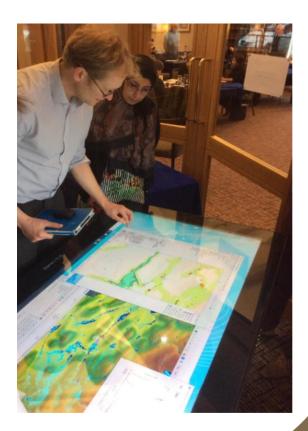
NERC NFM programme overview





Programme Scope

- 2017-2021 £4 million programme
- Aim: carry out novel research on hydrological processes, including measurements and flood modelling
 - NFM measures
 - flood risk scenarios
 - from feature to large-catchment scales
- 3 projects
 - Landwise
 - Protect NFM
 - Q-NFM
- Robust evidence base to support decisions made on the design and delivery of NFM







LANDWISE



- Land-based NFM measures in lowland catchments (West Thames), particularly groundwater-fed
- Evaluating the effectiveness of NFM Measures
 - Identified by those who manage land
 - Land use and management e.g. tillage practise, crop choice and tree planting
 - To increase infiltration, evaporative loss, and below ground storage
- Using simple to novel measurement techniques
 - Field soil survey
 - Remote sensing methods to measure soil moisture
- Multi-scale modelling
 - Field scale
 - Small to large catchment

https://landwise-nfm.org/about/

PROTECT-NFM



- Optimising NFM in headwater catchments to protect downstream communities
- Focus on upland catchments (Peak District) with peatlands and hard geology
- NFM measures: peatland restoration (gully blocking and Sphagnum cover) and upland woodland
- Developing sophisticated but computationally simple models
- Potential for low cost measures to reduce flood risk for small communities

https://protectnfm.com/



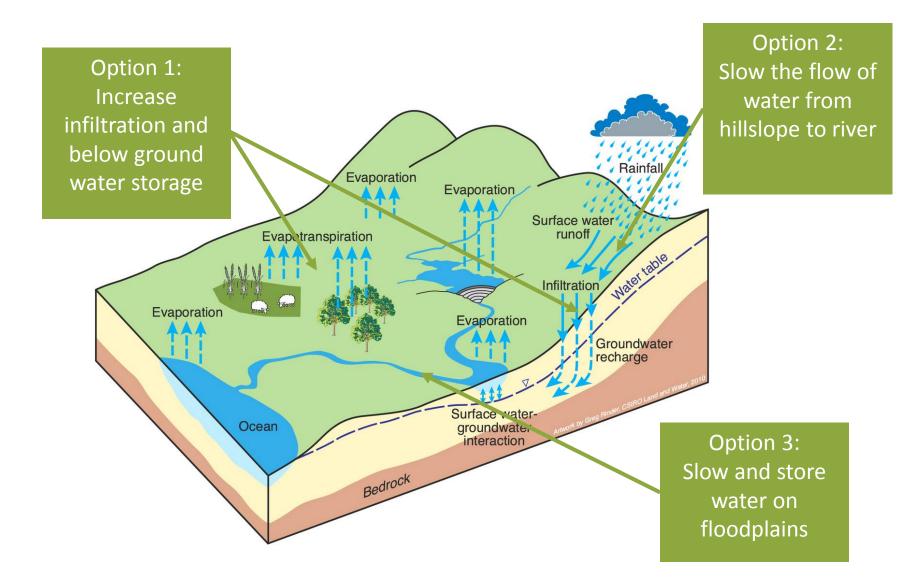


- Quantifying the likely magnitude of nature-based flood mitigation effects across different catchment scales
- Focus on Upland Catchments (Cumbria)
- NFM measures include
 - sward lifting, peatland restoration, leaky bunds and dams, floodplain reconnection, hedge and wall restoration, and tree planting
- Computer modelling and data collection to fill evidence gaps and reduce uncertainties

https://www.lancaster.ac.uk/lec/sites/qnfm

Landwise project overview

NFM options

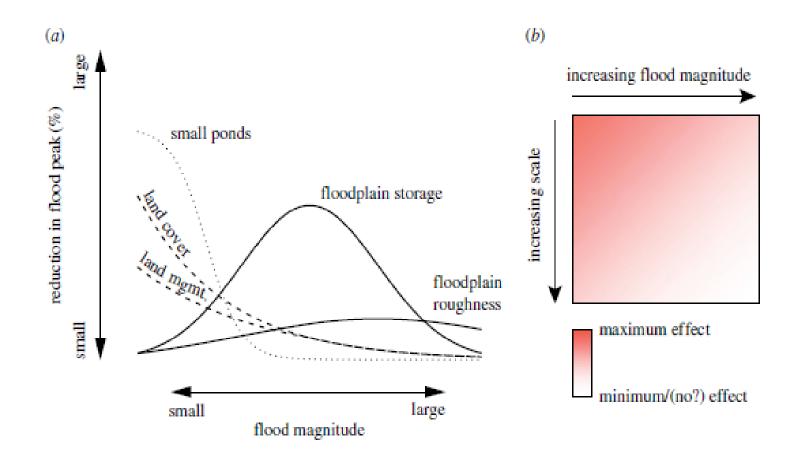


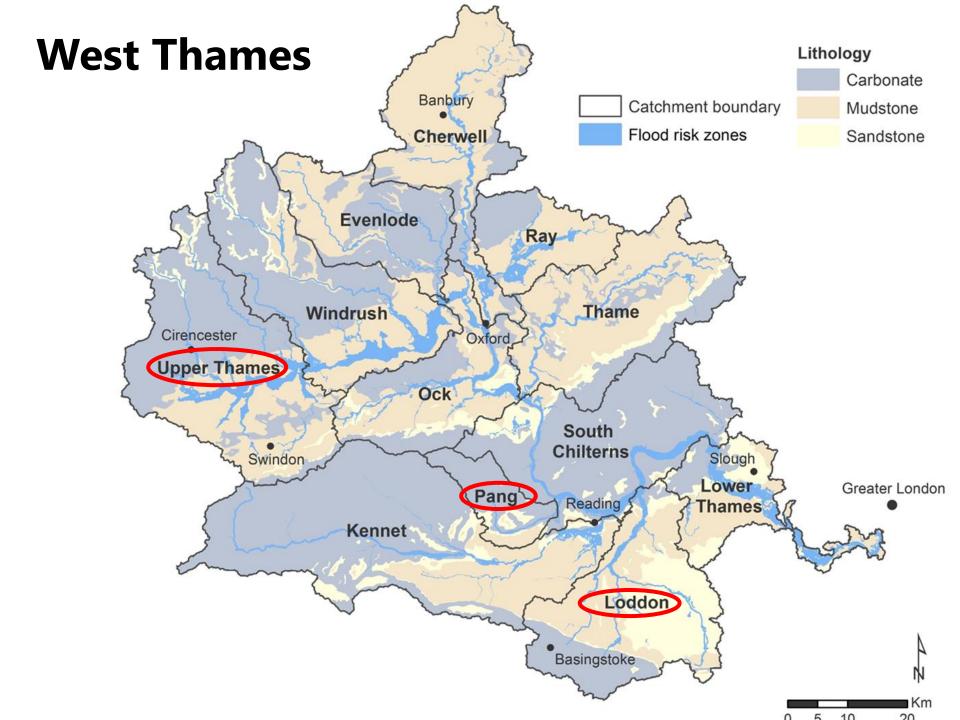
Research questions

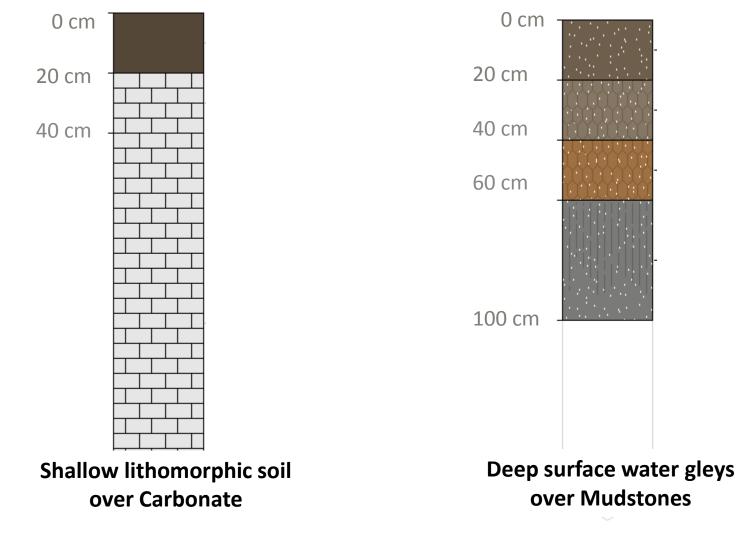
- Qa. How effective are different land-based NFM measures at increasing infiltration, evaporative losses and below-ground water storage in different locations across lowland catchments?
- **Qb. How does the effectiveness of land-based measures vary** seasonally and between years with respect to antecedent conditions, precipitation magnitude and duration?
- Qc. How effective are land-based measures at delivering catchmentwide water storage and infiltration, thereby reducing runoff rates, compared to targeted approaches to reduce downstream flood (and drought) risk across different catchment scales (<100-8000km²)?

Testing a Theoretical Framework

• Dadson et al (2017) propose a conceptual framework for NFM measures



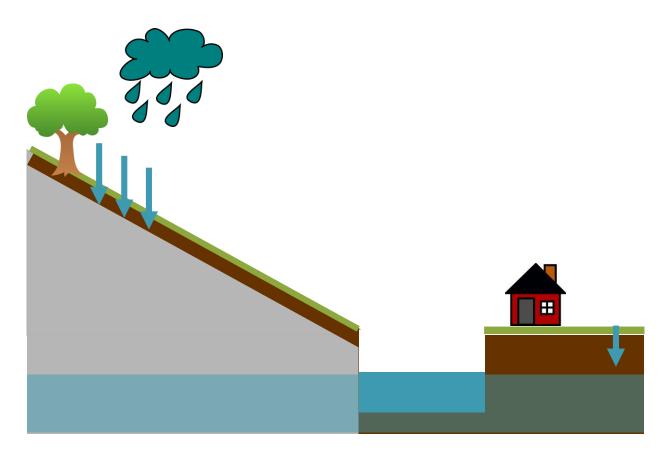




Typical soil profiles

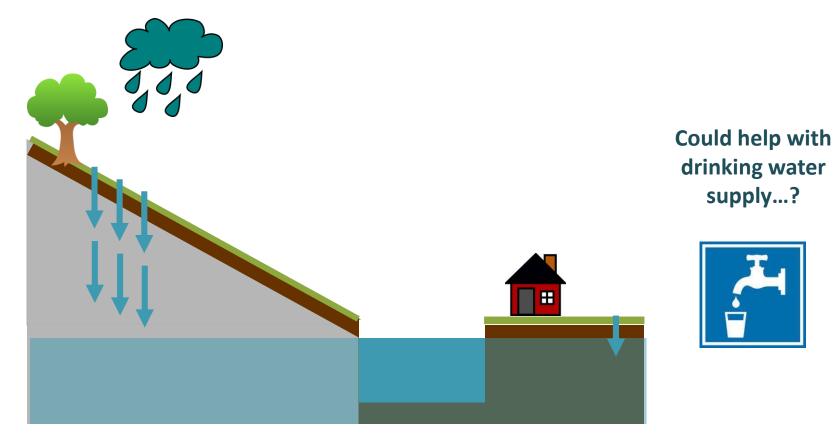
www.landis.org.uk

Short-term: Increase infiltration, decrease flooding...



Chalk hillslopes

Longer-term: Increase infiltration, increase flooding from higher ground water levels...?



Chalk hillslopes

Short-term: Increase evapotranspiration to increase infiltration, decrease flooding...



Chalk hillslopes

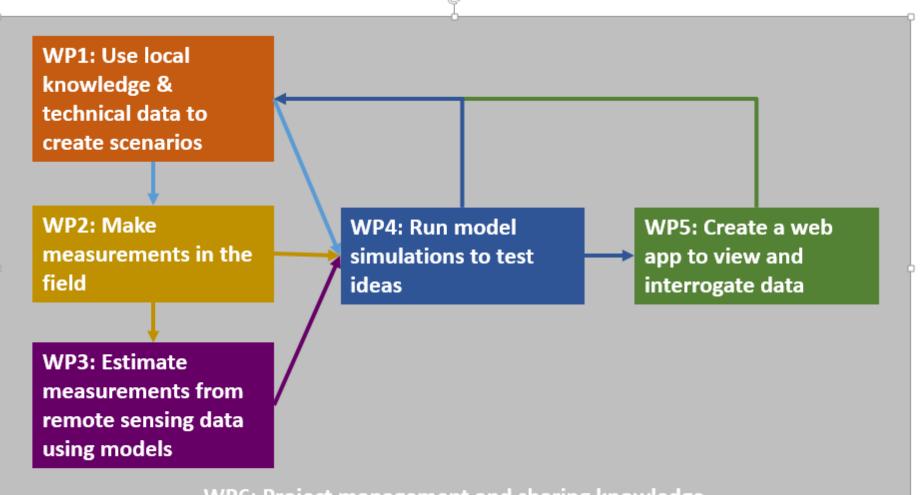
Long-term: Increase evapotranspiration, decrease flooding due to lower ground water levels, but do we want low flows?



Exacerbates drinking water supply problems...?



Chalk hillslopes



WP6: Project management and sharing knowledge

Working together with our partners (2018-2021/22)

Working groups

- Farmer knowledge and new agri-policy report
- Field work
- Remote sensing (to be set-up)
- Data visualisation (to be set-up)
- Communications

• Workshops on NFM scenarios (modelling follow up to come)

 Catchment Partnerships: Upper Thames, South Chilterns, Loddon, Kennet, Ock

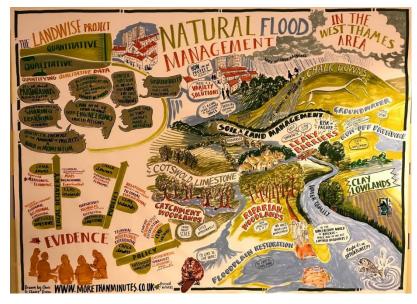
Advisory Board

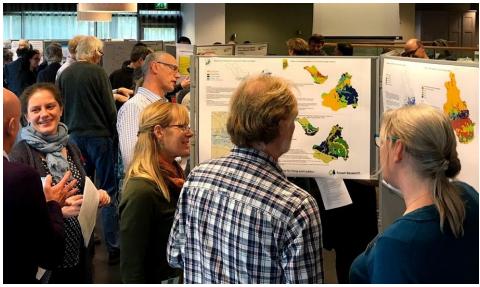
• Two meetings, three more to go

[almost] Annual workshops

- Reading, 6 Nov 2018
- Culham, 20 Feb 2020
- FarmEd, Honeydale Farm, 9 Jun 2021
- Final meeting winter/spring 2021/22

Some things we learned at the last annual workshop....

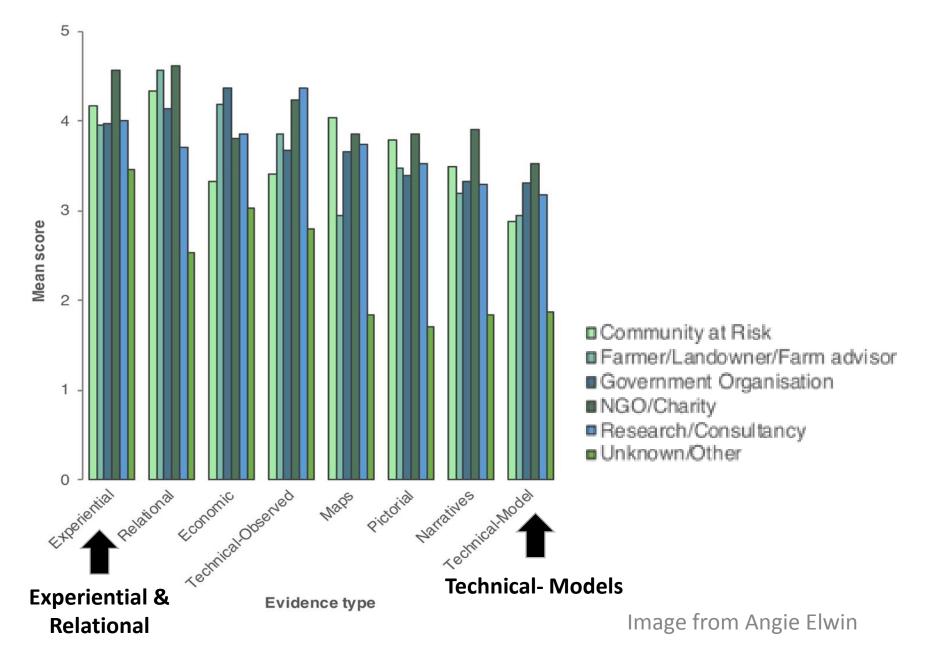






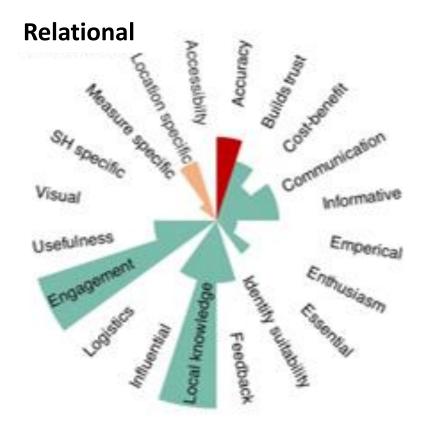


What type of evidence on NFM effectiveness do you need?

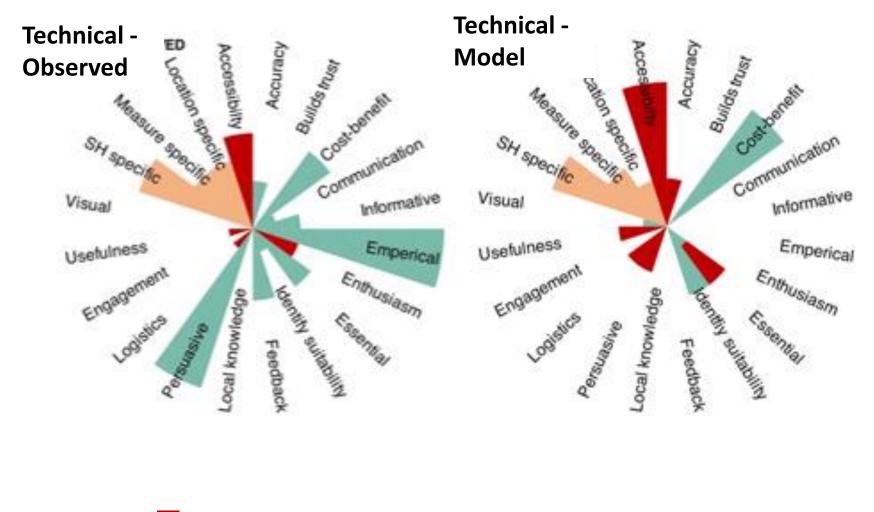


What did people think about different types of evidence?





What did people think about different types of evidence?



Positive Negative Neutral

Image from Angie Elwin

What was the most important thing you learnt today?

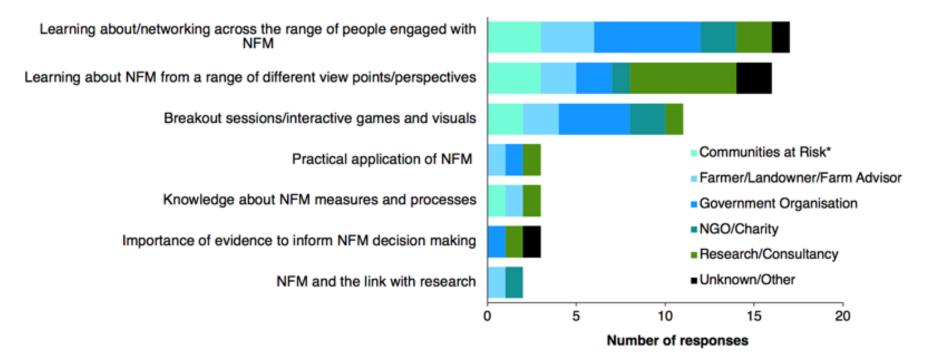


Image from Angie Elwih

Agenda for today: Morning

10:30 Morning session 1: Using local knowledge for NFM (Chair: Joanna Clark)

10:30 Joanna Clark, Welcome and overview of Landwise project

10:40 Angie Elwin, Creating NFM scenarios through participatory workshops

11:00 Chris Short, Farmer knowledge to inform NFM

11:30 Comfort break and coffee

11:45 Morning session 2: Using technical knowledge for NFM (Chair: John Hammond)

11:45 James Blake, Preliminary results from the broad scale survey

12:05 David Macdonald, Modelling NFM

12:25 Will Meslanka, Using remote sensing data from satellites and field work to inform NFM

12:45 – Lunch, posters and activities

Agenda for today: Afternoon

13:45 – Afternoon session: NFM delivery and new Environmental Land Management Schemes (Chair: Chris Short)

13:45 Joanne Leigh, FWAG, Local Delivery and new ELM Pilot in the Upper Thames

14:05 Adella Buckland, Engaging the experts, in the field – working positively with farmers to identify opportunities for NFM on their land

14:25 Panel discussion – New Agriculture Bill and ELMs – do we need data and modelling to inform new policy?

Panel: Joanne Leigh, FWAG; Tom Ormesher, NFU; Adrian Hares, Wilts Soil and Root Innovative Farmers; Charlotte Hitchmough, Action for River Kennet; Graham Scholey, Environment Agency; Louise Webb, Defra; Yvette de Garis, Thames Water

15:00 close

Thank you for listening to these ideas

Interested to hear your thoughts