

# Using Evidence to Inform Support Services in Higher Education



Pedagogical Research and Educational Scholarship Research Cluster research.reading.ac.uk/pedagogical-research-pcls Funded by the BPS Research Seminars scheme



The British Psychological Society

## About today's seminar



- Final part of a BPS-funded seminar series: Students' Wellbeing at the Centre of their Academic Journey: Translating pedagogic research into practice
  - First seminar at Royal Holloway: 'For Students, By Students': Translating pedagogic research into co-produced student initiatives to benefit student wellbeing
  - Second seminar at Warwick: "Designing curriculum with a difference: Utilising research to design engaging and thought-provoking curriculum and assessment"
- This seminar focuses upon partnership working between academic staff and university support services, to support evidence-based practice
  - Examples, inspiration, tips, and networking

### Today's seminar organisers



Run by the Pedagogical Research and Educational Scholarship (PRaES)
research cluster in the School of Psychology and Clinical Language Sciences
research.reading.ac.uk/pedagogical-research-pcls



**Prof. Alana James** 



Dr. Rachel Pye



Dr. Paul Jenkins

#### **Schedule**



10.00-10.15	Introduction
10.15-11.00	Talks 1: Research in Partnership
11.00-11.30	Break/Networking – served in room 1L06
11.30-12.15	Talks 2: Practice in Partnership
12.15-1.15	Lunch – served in room 1L06
1.15-2.30	Workshop: Developing and implementing collaborations between academics and support services, and between institutions, to promote effective student support
2.30-2.45	Break/Networking - served in room 1L06
2.45-3.15	Workshop Wrap-up and Final Thoughts
3.15	Close (seminar organisers meeting 3.15-4.00)

#### Housekeeping



- If you would prefer not to be included in photos please let Paul, Rachel or Alana know
- Main activities are in room 1L08
  - Refreshments in the breaks and lunch will be served in room 1L06
  - During the Talks sessions room 1L06 may be used as a quiet room
- We are not aware of any planned fire alarm tests
- Please go to building reception if in need of first aid

#### Introductions



- Get into pairs or threes, ideally with someone you don't already know
- Introduce yourself, where you are based, and what you hope to think about during today's seminar



## Talks 1: Research in Partnership

Prof. Alana James	Evaluating the University of Reading Life Tools programme
Dr Katie Barfoot	Working in partnership with the SportsPark on student research
Denis Persichini	Comparing international and home students' perceptions of university support
Dr Rachel Pye	Researching awarding gaps
	Panel Q&A/Discussion

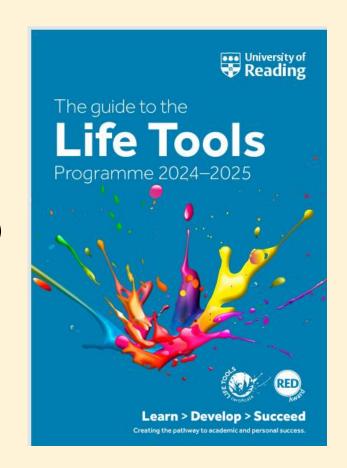
# **Evaluating the University of Reading** Life Tools Programme

**Prof. Alana James** (Psychology)

a.i.james@reading.ac.uk

**Dr Alicia Pena Bizama** (Life Tools Manager)

**Denis Persichini** (as a Student Researcher)



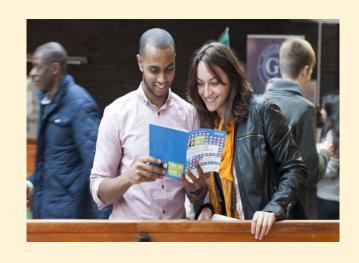






#### Life Tools

- Universal
- Psychoeducation: evidence-based content promoting self-management
- Prevention-focused: supporting Student Wellbeing services
- Multi-mode: Talks; Virtual learning environment (vle); Life Tools certificate
- Student roles: Student voices; placements; responsive to feedback



#### **Example topics**

Mindfulness for exam prep

Feedback: Food for thought

Stressed? Learn ways to maintain your health







#### Research partnership

- Ongoing collaboration between Life Tools Manager and academic in Psychology
- Supported by placement students
  - Project within a Psychology Professional Placement Year
  - Short-term placements in a Part Two Psychology module
- Trialled an evaluation through final-year project students
  - Less effective as timeline poorly aligned, dependent upon student interests



### **Evaluation of online adaptation**

- Pandemic -> online webinars
- Supported by vle resources and weekly messages
- Opportunity to assess the potential benefits of digital provision
- Evaluation in partnership with placement year student and a short-term placement student

#### **Evaluation**

Recruitment: Dec 2020-Feb 2021

Online survey: 46 students (33 UG); perceived impact on target domains

Interviews and focus groups: 13 students (7 UG); programme experience

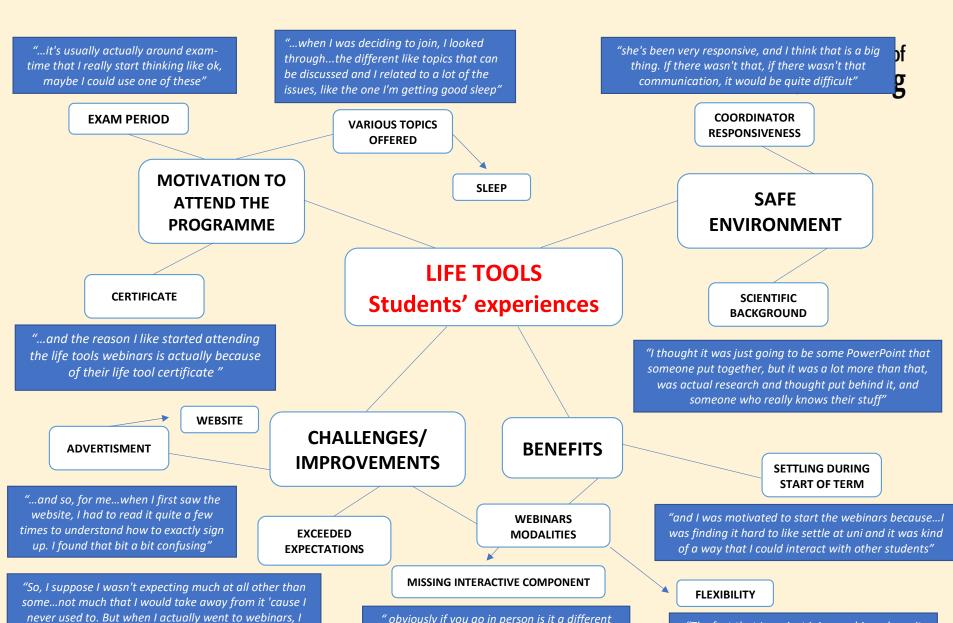




## **Perceived Life Tools impact**







actually thought it was quite useful in the end"

"obviously if you go in person is it a different dynamic... especially if it's a small group, you feel like you have to interact more, which is...is not like...right now I would love interaction"

"The fact that I can just join a webinar, have it on. I might be reading something else to do with my work at the same time, and it's convenient"

## **Evaluation impact**

- Informed decision to move to primarily online delivery of talks
- Increased interactivity in webinars
- Developed sustained student-staff partnership working -> Student Success Champions
- Featured in UoR University Mental Health Charter Award application
- Now developing an evaluation of the Life Tools Certificate as an embedded assessment option in a History module

Please contact us with any questions or collaboration ideas: a.i.james@reading.ac.uk







Working in partnership with SportsPark on student research

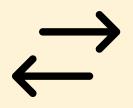
Dr Katie Barfoot
Lecturer in Psychology
katie.barfoot@reading.ac.uk

## Why this partnership?



It aligned with the University's wider strategy around sport, wellbeing, and collaboration across campus





My aim was to create a mutually beneficial relationship: students gain authentic research experience, and the SportsPark benefits from data-driven insights into their activities

Supervise projects within my personal and research interests



Post-COVID, I was particularly keen to find projects that built employability, gave students hands-on experience, and had impact beyond the University

# So, what did we do?





#### Does the intensity of exercise affect immediate mood?

Heart rate monitors before, during and after







group:
word
search,
spot the
diff
(=16)

Control

**Exercise intervention:** Spin bike class **Duration:** 30 minutes long

Low Intensit y group (n=16) Moderate intensity group (n=16)

High intensit y group (n=16)





#### Baseline/demographic variables:

Age, gender, weight, height, current depression levels (PHQ-8), current anxiety levels (GAD-7 & STAI-T), Pittsburgh sleep scale, psychological/physical diagnoses, medication, frequency of exercise (during & after COVID), subjective fitness levels, diet etc see other slide...

Dependent variables (DVs) at

Baseline & Post-exercise

#### Measures of:

Acute anxiety (STAI-S)
Acute depression (IMS)
Acute mood (PANAS)
Acute stress (PSS)
Body temperature

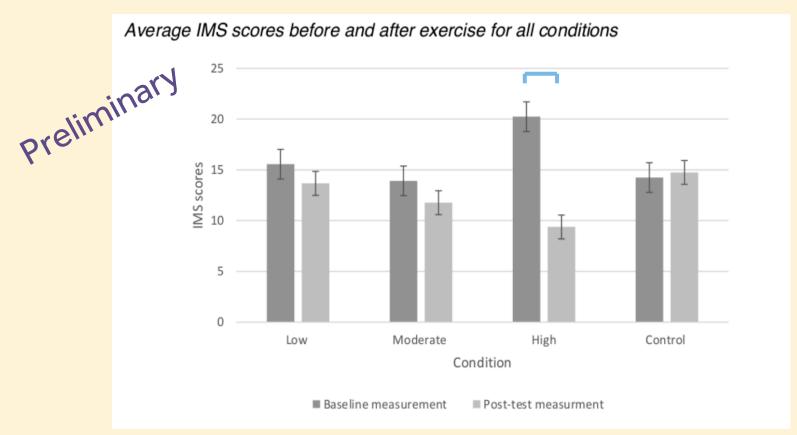
**Blood** pressure

## Project management logistics

- Equipment
- Funding
- Ethics
- Timelines
- Assigning student leaders
- Training sessions
- SportsPark bookings and staff
- Staff presence on all test days







Significant change from baseline scores in the high intensity group only (p=0.03)

## Why this partnership worked



- Shared goals SportsPark were receptive to my ideas
- Flexibility Research proposal based on scientific literature and what SportsPark were willing to offer
- Non-disruptive to daily running of SportsPark
- Confidence that myself and my students could pull this off or could adapt quickly to a backup plan

## Success!

- Student dissertations showed good understanding, they seemed to 'get' their data, they considered their results in a more applied way
- Students had experience of running a randomised control trial in a commercial setting
- SportsPark were impressed with our students' professionalism and welcomed us back for follow up sessions for MSc placement students
- Results are being prepared for submission to an academic journal
- This work was included in the University's application to the Mental Health Charter 2023



## Student comments



"I learnt many lessons outside of the academic realm"

"I feel more prepared for different situations now and also to talk to people I don't know"

"Our group really came together. I realised I was letting everyone down if I didn't pull my weight. SportsPark were doing such a lot for us"

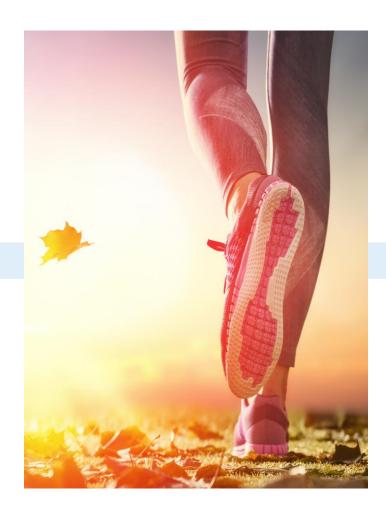
#### **Thank You!**



katie.barfoot@reading.ac.uk



linkedin.com/katielbarfoot





# International students' perspective on help-seeking and mental health literacy

# A mixed methods study at the University of Reading

Denis Persichini, PhD student Prof Alana James denis.persichini@pgr.reading.ac.uk
a.i.james@reading.ac.uk

#### Help seeking & Mental health literacy (MHL)

- Mental health concerns among students: 1 in 3 first-year students
  worldwide report a disorder (Auerbach et al., 2018). In the UK, 57%
  reported a mental health issue, but only 27% sought help for an official
  diagnosis (Student Minds, 2023).
- MHL refers to people's knowledge of mental health, their recognition of risk factors, and their attitude towards seeking help (Jorm et al., 2000).
- MLH has been found to be positively related to help-seeking intentions or behaviour in several countries, such as the US, Canada, China, Saudi Arabia, and Israel (e.g., Gorczynski & Sim-Shouten, 2022; Yang et al., 2024; Almanasef, 2021; Abo-Rass et al., 2024).
- International students face added challenges: Acculturation can hinder help-seeking (Alharbi & Smith, 2018), with evidence of lower treatment rates and service engagement (Han, 2025). Studies also show lower MHL and mixed patterns in help-seeking intentions (Zeng et al., 2023; Clough et al., 2019).

#### methodology

#### Mixed methods

- Survey
  - Psychological distress: K10 (Kessler et al., 2002)
  - Help-seeking intentions: GHSQ (Wilson et al., 2005, adapted)
  - Mental health literacy: MHLS (O'Connor & Casey, 2015)
  - Open-ended responses
- Semi-structured interviews
- Consultation with RUSU reps and international student representatives to ensure the study addressed relevant wellbeing concerns.
- Recruitment pathways:
  - Via key university staff (student support, wellbeing services, international office).
  - Collaboration with RUSU networks and international student societies and social media

#### **SURVEY - QUANTITATIVE FINDINGS**

Sample

N = 68 (18 international, 50 home)

Mean age = 21.5, 93% female, 75% UG, mostly Psychology students

- Group comparison
  - Psychological distress

Home = 26.2, Int = 27.1

no differences (p = .684)

Help-seeking intentions

Home = 28.5, Int = 33.5

Higher for internationals (p = .037)

Mental Health Literacy

Home = 137.5, Int = 131.7 no differences (p = .105)

➤ Home students scored significantly higher than Internationals on **self-treatment knowledge**, t(66) = 2.78, p = .007, and **attitudes** that promote recognition and appropriate help-seeking, t(66) = 2.22, p = .030

#### **SURVEY – QUALITATIVE FINDINGS**

#### What are the ways that your university supports students' wellbeing?

- Overall wellbeing services (home 75% and international 76.4%)
- Particularly counselling and the welfare team
- Academic support and student support services also frequently mentioned.

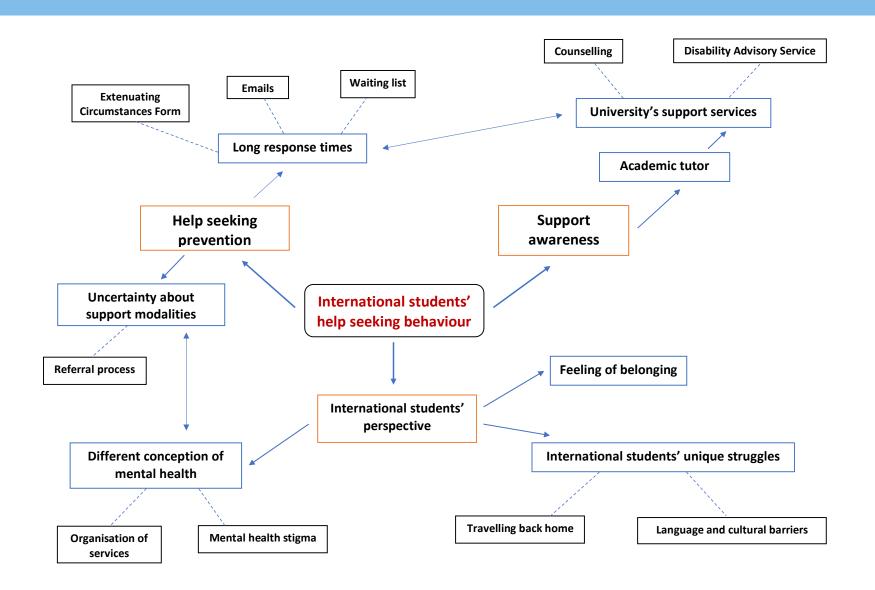
#### How well do you believe your university supports students' wellbeing?

- Most general positive statements (home 64.5% and international 76.4%)
- They felt the *university generally supported them*, that this is *free*, and that the university demonstrates *genuine care*.
- A small portion of both groups provided specific concerns (home 31.2% and international 29.4%), particularly *limited offering of support available* and experience of stigma and challenges accessing support.

#### How do you think the university could encourage students to seek help when needed?

- Need for greater advertising and clearer information (home 45.8% and international 41%)
- Tackling stigma (home 14.5% and international 29.4%)

#### **INTERVIEWS – QUALITATIVE FINDINGS**



#### Reflections on Implications for Universities

# Clarify support processes

 Internationals highlighted uncertainty about referral pathways and modalities. Clearer information, provided early and consistently, could reduce confusion and encourage engagement.

#### Trusted academic staff

• Academic tutors are seen as valuable signposting figures.

# Address cultural perspectives and stigma

- Differences in mental health conceptions point to the need for culturally responsive approaches.
- Campaigns tackling stigma and peer-led initiatives could help bridge this gap.

# Foster belonging and community

 International students expressed feeling misunderstood by UK peers and emphasised homesickness and cultural barriers.
 Universities should strengthen initiatives that build intercultural understanding and belonging within the student body.



# Thank you!

# Thoughts and questions?

Denis Persichini, PhD student Prof Alana James

denis.persichini@pgr.reading.ac.uk
a.i.james@reading.ac.uk

- Abo-Rass, R., Obeid, S., Haddad, C., & Hallit, S. (2024). Mental health literacy and help-seeking intentions among Palestinian adolescents in Israel. Frontiers in Psychiatry, 15, 1415051. https://doi.org/10.3389/fpsyt.2024.1415051
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## REFERENCES:

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#### RESEARCHING AWARDING GAPS

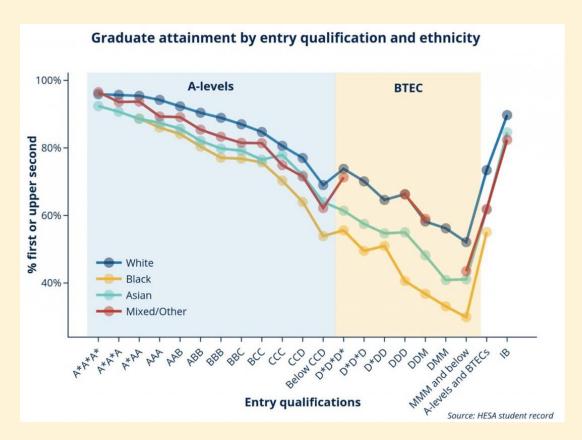


Dr. Rachel Pye rachel.pye@reading.ac.uk





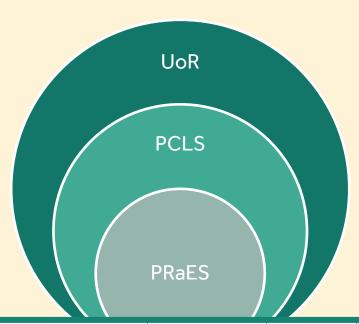




How do we address these disparities?

## Working in partnership





Awarding Gap toolkit **Awarding Gap Steering Group Academic Development (CQSD)** Inclusion Consultants (students)

STEAP

**BoSSEs Self-selecting team Diversity & Inc. Support Officer** 

**IMPLEMENTATION** Activity(ies) proposed Activity Objective Target date / date Identify the activity(jes) you will undertake to completed / address the priority and the objectives of those discontinued activities. Group activities, objectives and target 2023/4 1. To take an evidence-based approach to

dates under year headings according to when the Collaborative design of an awarding gap plan activity was first proposed, and use track based on a thorough exploration of data, changes when there are amendments to the reference to evidence and exploring best previous year's text, or new additions. Clearly practice mark activities as complete or discontinued, as applicable.

2024/5 - Awarding Gap 1. Implement activities listed as 'Essential' in the plan by the end of AY24/5

from the AGSG team

Plan to implement activities listed as 'Recommended', aiming for end of AY24/5 Use an evidence-based approach to further

explore the 'Explore' activities, with support

All by end of AY24/5, to All in order to start reducing awarding gaps in PCLS be reviewed in STEAP BoSSE

addressing this issue within PCLS

y training F 1. Completed

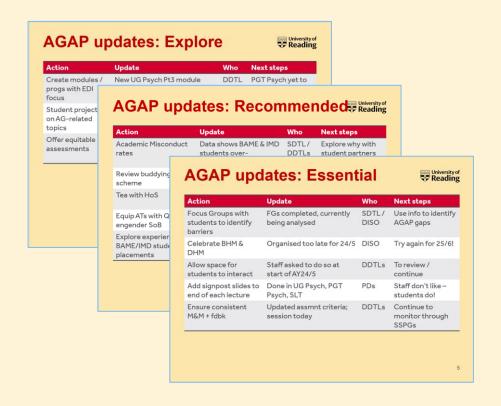
successfully

(plan appended

for information)

## Creating a plan





- Formally monitored through WIDE & STC
- Reports to UoR via STEAP
- Informal monitoring & support through AGSG
- Owned by SDTL & DISO
- Shared with all staff via Teams
- Reported annually via T&L Away Day



## Researching AGs

- PRaES member UG projects
  - Disability gaps: Alana, Zola
  - Ethnicity gaps: Emma
- Other staff / student projects
  - ND and imposter syndrome

- Student partners & placements
  - Placement experiences
  - Academic misconduct
- BPS Seminar series
  - Next Steps event to build student community / SoB
  - Buddy scheme pilot

### Thanks to





Mat Haine Student Outcomes Manager



Michael Kilminster Academic Developer



## **ANY QUESTIONS?**

### **Schedule**



10.00-10.15	Introduction
10.15-11.00	Talks 1: Research in Partnership
11.00-11.30	Break/Networking - served in room 1L06
11.30-12.15	Talks 2: Practice in Partnership
12.15-1.15	Lunch – served in room 1L06
1.15-2.30	Workshop: Developing and implementing collaborations between academics and support services, and between institutions, to promote effective student support
2.30-2.45	Break/Networking - served in room 1L06
2.45-3.15	Workshop Wrap-up and Final Thoughts
3.15	Close (seminar organisers meeting 3.15-4.00)



## **Talks 2: Practice in Partnership**

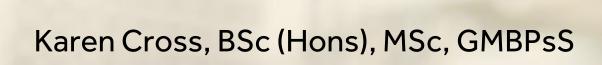
Karen Cross	How universities support autistic students: an Fol investigation
Dr Zola Dean	How compassionate pedagogy can inform partnership working as a Department Director of Academic Tutoring and Academic Disability Rep
Dr Michelle Lee	Developing effective support for hearing impaired students on a clinical training programme
Gareth Hughes and Nick Bell	Partnership working between the Disability Advisory Service and Academic Schools on the Implementing Reasonable Adjustments Project
	Panel Q&A/Discussion

# Invisible Needs and Uneven Recognition: A National FOI Study of Autism Support Across Diagnostic Stages in UK Universities



BPS Seminar - Using evidence to inform Support Services in Higher Education

**Practice in Partnership** 





## Autistic Students Experiences Greater Challenges than Neurotypical Persity of







2





## Background: Why This Stuckersity of Reading

 The number of diagnosed autistic students in UK universities has nearly tripled since 2014 (HESA, 2023)

### **Up to 72%**

Of autistic adults may remain undiagnosed.

O'nions et al. (2023)

Yet many students remain
 undiagnosed, seeking diagnosis, or
 self-identifying without clinical
 assessment

Legal entitlements not always upheld! 1

Abrahart v. University of Bristol (2024)





**This study explores...**how UK universities recognise and support students across autism diagnostic stages



## Research Aim

## "How do UK universities identify and support autistic students across diagnostic stages?"

- Explore institutional responses to autistic students in UK universities
- Focus on three groups:
- 1) Formally diagnosed
- 2) Seeking diagnosis
- 3) Self-identifying without formal diagnosis
- Investigate policies, eligibility decisions, and adjustment pathways
- Understand variation in practice across institutions



## Methods

### Sample

- 142 publicly funded UK universities
- 88% response rate

### **Design & Analysis**

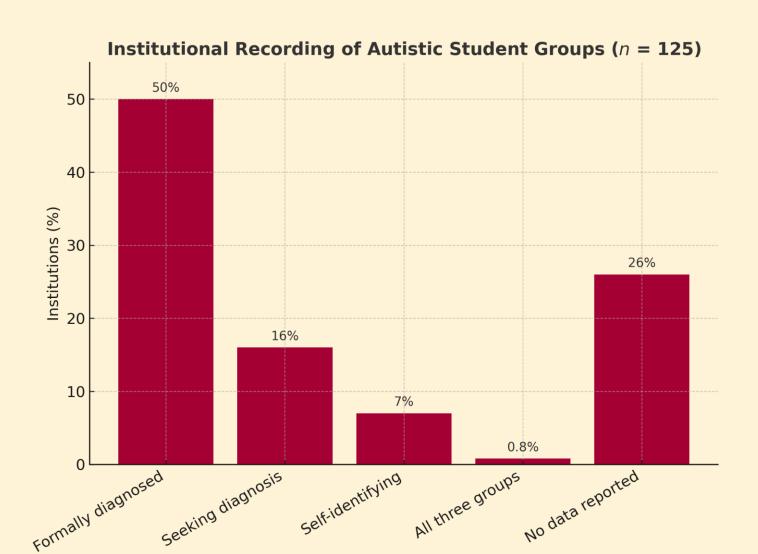
- Quantitative descriptive statistics
- Qualitative reflexive thematic analysis (Braun & Clarke, 2006)

### **FOI Tool**

- 77-item questionnaire
- Designed in collaboration with Reading University Disability
   Advisory Service & Information Management Policy Services
- Developed via Jisc platform
- Combination of multiple choice and free text

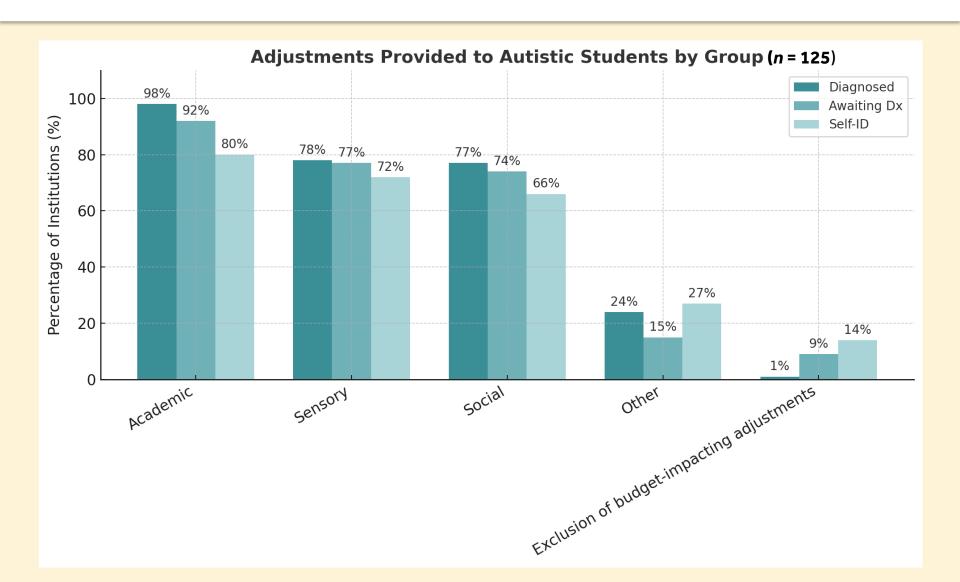
"Where surveys often reflect individual experiences, FOI enabled direct access to institutional processes, offering a broader, more representative picture."

## **Key Quantitative Findings**





## **Key Quantitative Findings**





## Conclusion

- Invisible needs ≠ non-existent needs large hidden cohort with unmet requirements.
- FOI revealed system-wide gaps in recognition, policy, and adjustments.
- **Students need -** equitable support regardless of diagnostic stage.

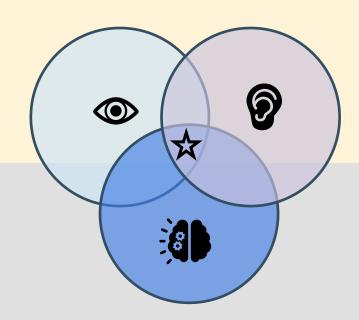
Support should be available to all autistic students, whether they are diagnosed, seeking diagnosis, or self-identify. Diagnosis should be used to tailor help, not decide who gets it.





### PRaES

# Compassionate Pedagogy & Working in Partnership



Dr Zola Dean (she / her)

Lecturer in Psychology | Disability Representative | Departmental Director of Academic Tutoring

z.p.dean@reading.ac.uk

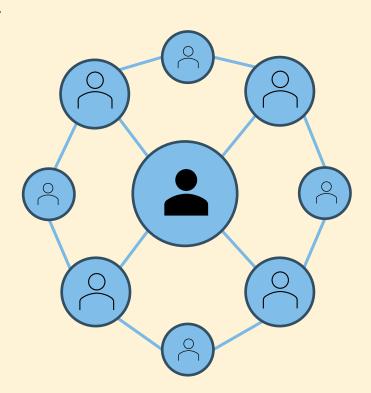


## Compassionate Pedagogy

(Killingback et al., 2025)

An educational approach that

- Recognises suffering, distress, or disadvantage
- Is committed to actively alleviating suffering, distress, or disadvantage
- Promotes wellbeing and growth
- Holistic and person-centred







I'm reaching out again as I have contacted both the disability and wellbeing service and I got a response from disability saying it will be minimum 3-4 weeks until I get a response...

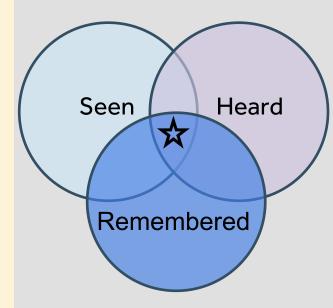
I am really struggling with the workload due to my mental health. I feel so overwhelmed and stressed and on the verge of tears constantly...

I'm just fed up of going round and round in circles and it all being 'reach out if you need support' yet I'm being ignored or misunderstood everywhere I go and just leads in disappointment



## Student Partnership: Study Support Meeting

- Give time to actively listen
  - Avoid assumptions
  - Understand barriers
     (immediate & bigger picture)
  - Not assigning blame to shortcomings
- Collaboratively problem solving to achieve a shared goal
  - Agreeing an action plan
- Aftercare



## Working in Partnership to Relieve the Container







## Student Partnership: Compassionate Communication

### **Clear & Confident**

- Direct
- Structured
- Simple
- Reassuring

### **Solution-Focused**

- Supported
- Empowered
- Personalised forward-focused

### **Empathetic**

- Valued
- Acknowledged
- Respected (them & situation)

### **Inclusive**

Free from judgement

### **Engaged**

- Genuine
- Meaningful
- Two-way
- Action

### **Timely**

 Defined timelines to manage expectations & avoid delays



## Why?

### **Compassionate Pedagogy**

- Nothing revolutionary
- Approachability → early intervention
- Trust  $\rightarrow$  learn  $\rightarrow$  improve
- Reciprocated compassion
- Diffuses situations & complaints
   → better NSS

### Working in partnership

- More effective (Hughes & Spanner, 2019)
- Consistency
- Compassion!



Thank you for your support and listening to me when others only ever heard me





### Using evidence to inform support services in Higher Education

## Developing effective support for Deaf student on a clinical training programme

### Michelle Lee



Thanks to: Nakita Oldacre, Eleanor Vialls, Molly Trillow, Emma-Jayne Conway, Levi Spence, James Kachellek, Lucy Malyon & Tara Nadi





### Financial implications

- Time required to get DSA in place
- Overall cost of ensuring adequate support is higher than this allowance (university often having to meet this shortfall)

### Providing support in a timely manner

- Reliance on interpreter availability if student needs to arrange a support meeting at short notice (academic and other University-based support)
- Difficulties of navigating documentation in English

### Accessibility of online learning for BSL users

Need for additional platforms concurrently during teaching



## 2. What was helpful

### Positive attitude of educators, admin team and students

- Collaborative working with students, facilitators & service,
- Collection of feedback after each teaching session and acting on this in a timely manner

#### **Practical considerations**

- Accessible video/audio resources, online teaching, turn taking, roleplaying with Deaf role play facilitators
- Blanket extensions for written assignments in English

### **Ensuring equity in clinical assessments**

 Additional time where necessary, review of marking rubrics to consider communication style in BSL



### 3. Areas for improvement

### Ensuring there's sufficient time to put support in place

Earlier recruitment for Deaf trainees

#### **Practical considerations**

- Accommodating all facilitators and support animals.
- Being mindful of cognitive load of all-day teaching and anticipating/communicating when additional support might be needed

#### Closer consideration of facilitators

- Core group of interpreters is ideal to ensure good working relationship with students and helps ensure consistency when translating a 'jargon-heavy' course into BSL.
- Consideration of the emotional impact on translators

•



The training matched my needs. They understood that I...that I have different needs. They made sure that there were deaf role models because of course I would never work with a hearing person at work. ....so I do feel very grateful. I felt they did wonderfully. There were very few criticisms about this course. I felt it was ....it was just brilliantly worked through and worked out for someone like me to... to access. So yeah, it's been a great, a great experience.



# Implementing Reasonable Adjustments Project

Disability Advisory Service (DAS)
University of Reading
September 2025



## February 2024 - High Court Ruling

- Student Natasha Abrahart died by suicide
- University of Bristol found to have not met their duty of care
- Precedent set: if any university staff member knows of a student's disability under Equality Act 2010, the university as a whole is considered to be aware and must act accordingly
- Universities must be proactive and widen access to reasonable adjustments
- How do we, as a HE provider, implement this?



Image: Shutter

he High Court has rejected the University of Bristol's appeal against an earlier judgment that it contributed to the death of a student by discriminating against her.

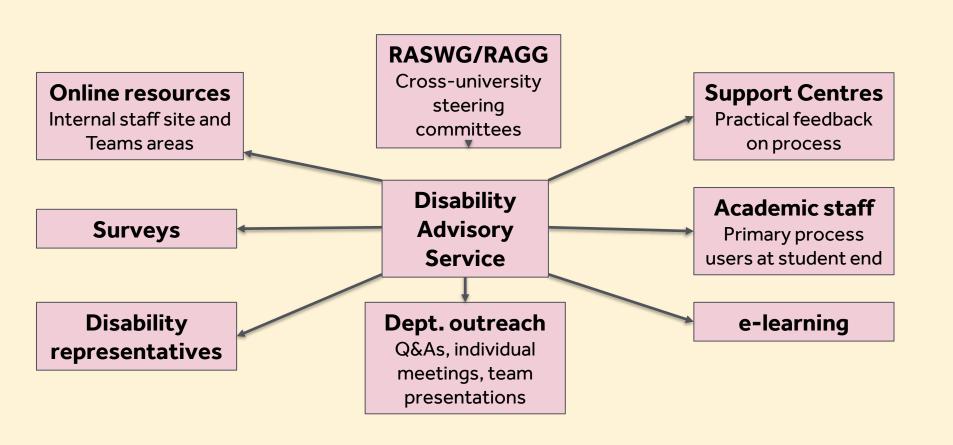
(CW: Suicide, depression, mental health)

Natasha Abrahart died by suicide on 30 April 2018, the day that she was due to give a presentation to fellow students and staff in a 329-seat lecture theatre.

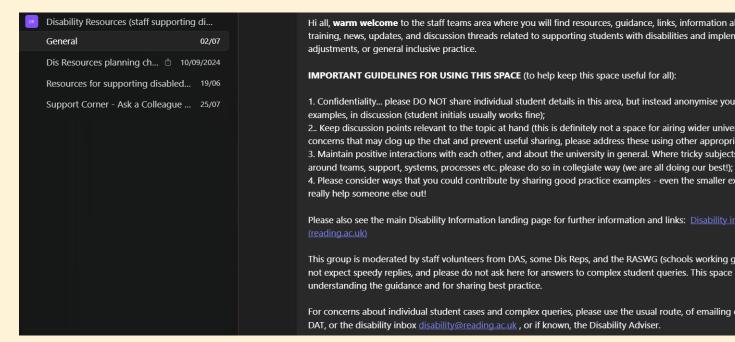


https://wonkhe.com/blogs/the-university-of-bristol-loses-its-appeal-over-the-abrahart-case/

## Implementing Reasonable Adjustments Project at University of Reading



### Disability resources Teams area



Hi all, warm welcome to the staff teams area where you will find resources, quidance, links, information about workshops or training, news, updates, and discussion threads related to supporting students with disabilities and implementing reasonable

#### IMPORTANT GUIDELINES FOR USING THIS SPACE (to help keep this space useful for all):

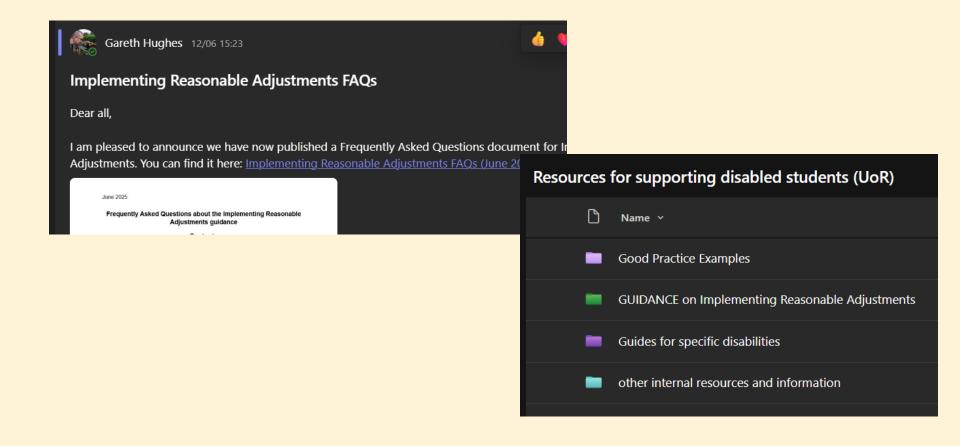
- 1. Confidentiality... please DO NOT share individual student details in this area, but instead anonymise your student case
- 2.. Keep discussion points relevant to the topic at hand (this is definitely not a space for airing wider university issues or concerns that may clog up the chat and prevent useful sharing, please address these using other appropriate channels); 3. Maintain positive interactions with each other, and about the university in general. Where tricky subjects are discussed
- 4. Please consider ways that you could contribute by sharing good practice examples even the smaller examples might

Please also see the main Disability Information landing page for further information and links: <u>Disability information</u>

This group is moderated by staff volunteers from DAS, some Dis Reps, and the RASWG (schools working group), please do not expect speedy replies, and please do not ask here for answers to complex student queries. This space is only for

For concerns about individual student cases and complex queries, please use the usual route, of emailing either your Dis Rep, DAT, or the disability inbox <u>disability@reading.ac.uk</u>, or if known, the Disability Adviser.

## Disability resources Teams area - resources



### Disability resources Teams area - resources

## In-depth condition leaflets



Disability Advisory Service

#### What is Fibromyalgia?

Fibromyalgia, meaning pain in the body's fibrous tissues, is a chronic condition that is characterised by widespread musculoskeletal pain and fatigue. Affected areas often include the upper and lower back, shoulders, neck and areas around the joints. Both pain and fatigue can be profound, interfering with all daily activities.

The severity of symptoms varies from person to person and from day to day. Many people experience periodic flare-ups when their symptoms become suddenly worse, leaving them totally drained of energy. Aggravating factors include changes in the weather, cold environments, stress, anxiety and over-exertion. Fibromyalgia can lead to depression and social isolation.

#### Implications for Teaching and Learning

The predominant symptoms are usually unremitting pain, and overwhelming and persistent fatigue following mental or physical activity. People with Fibromyalgia say that the pain often feels as if it affects the whole body; that they ache all over which affects their ability to learn. Other symptoms and associated syndromes include:

- Headaches
- · Irritability or feeling miserable
- Bladder and bowel problems

## Grab sheets for quick use



#### Disability Advisory Service

#### Masking – Grab sheet

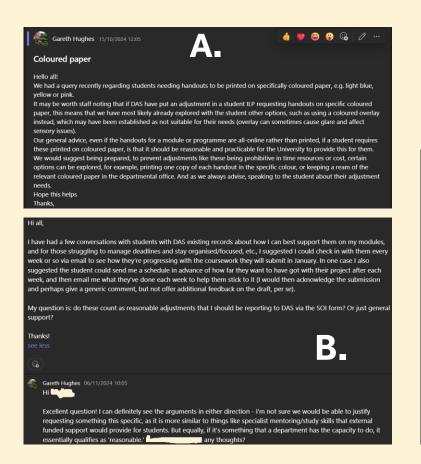
The word 'masking' in a disability context refers to changing one's own behaviour, whether consciously or unconsciously, in order to avoid drawing attention to one or more disabilities or hide it altogether.

Masking is typically most commonly associated with Autism and ADHD especially, but masking behaviours are not just common amongst those with other neurodivergences (e.g. Tourette's or Specific Learning Difficulties like dyslexia) but any disability.

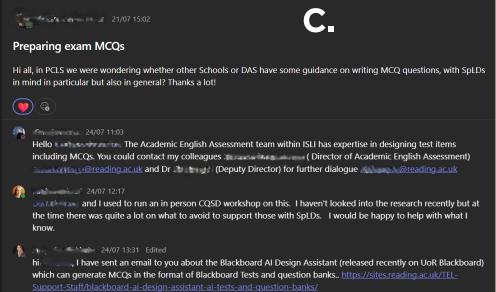
Masking can be known by other names such as camouflaging or passing. Masking behaviours can include:

- Suppressing stimming behaviours (e.g. use of fidget toys, restless legs, etc.) or changing to less noticeable stimming behaviours
- Suppressing physical or verbal tics, or staying quiet (not contributing/missing out)
- Hyper-vigilance for social expectations and adjusting behaviours to fit them, reflecting or mirroring behaviour (e.g. forcing eye contact, feigning interest)
- 'Scripting' (i.e. planning what to say or do in advance)
- Presenting differently to fit in (e.g. imitating dress sense or makeup styles of others)
- Hiding emotional responses (e.g. pretending to be relaxed about upcoming deadlines, or last-minute changes of plan)
- Self-deprecation about symptoms (e.g. responding to an error caused by executive dysfunction by saying 'oh, I forgot about that, I'm such an idiot')
- Downplaying the impact of symptoms (e.g. avoiding expressing pain or discomfort)

### Disability resources Teams area - collaboration



- A. Staff guery with DAS behind the scenes
- B. Staff query with DAS openly
- C. Staff query with each other and share practice



## **Schedule**



10.00-10.15	Introduction
10.15-11.00	Talks 1: Research in Partnership
11.00-11.30	Break/Networking – served in room 1L06
11.30-12.15	Talks 2: Practice in Partnership
12.15-1.15	Lunch – served in room 1L06
1.15-2.30	Workshop: Developing and implementing collaborations between academics and support services, and between institutions, to promote effective student support
2.30-2.45	Break/Networking - served in room 1L06
2.45-3.15	Workshop Wrap-up and Final Thoughts
3.15	Close (seminar organisers meeting 3.15-4.00)



## Workshop Wrap-up



## Using Evidence to Inform Support Services in Higher Education

Thank you for joining us!

### Stay in touch:

a.i.james@reading.ac.uk; rachel.pye@reading.ac.uk; p.jenkins@reading.ac.uk



Pedagogical Research and Educational Scholarship Research Cluster research.reading.ac.uk/pedagogical-research-pcls

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