**Vocabulary**

**A** For each question, put a **cross (x)** **under the English meaning** that matches what you hear. You will hear each German word **twice.** Choose **one** correct answer only.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **A** | **B** | **C** | **D** |
| 1. | 14 | 17 | 15 | 13 |
|  |  |  |  |
| 2. | Switzerland | England | Austria | Germany |
|  |  |  |  |
| 3. | June | March | January | May |
|  |  |  |  |
| 4. | month | year | day | week |
|  |  |  |  |
| 5. | to see | to go | to bring | to give |
|  |  |  |  |
| 6. | all | finished | many | beautiful |
|  |  |  |  |
| 7. | young | tired | kind | quiet |
|  |  |  |  |
| 8. | to love | to visit | to be | to like |
|  |  |  |  |

**B**For each question, put a **cross (x)** under the **type of word** you hear.   
You will hear each German word **twice.** Choose **one** correct answer only.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **This word is a good example of …** | | | | |
|  | **A** | **B** | **C** | **D** |
| 1. | a colour | a place | a question word | an animal |
| 2. | an event | a food | a month | a number |
| 3. | a colour | a day | a part of the body | a season |
| 4. | a person | an animal | a food | a question word |
| 5. | personality | a type of transport | a person | a colour |
| 6. | a season | a number | a day | a month |
| 7. | a person | a part of the body | a month | an event |
| 8. | an animal | a food | a day | a season |

**C** **Translate** the **underlined German word** to complete each English sentence.  
(Each item has two German words to translate, 1 mark per word = 16 marks in total.)

1. Die **Schule** ist **toll**. The **school** is **great**.

2. Ich **rede** mit dem **Sportler**. I **talk /am talking** to/with the **sportsman/athlete**.

3. Er **spielt** **Gitarre**. He **plays/is playing** **guitar**.

4. **Wohnt** deine **Familie** in England? Does your **family** **live** in England?

5. Er **holt** sein **Geld**. He **gets/is getting / fetches/is fetching** his **money**.

6. Wir haben **keinen** **Plan**. We have **no** **plan**.

7. **Dieser** **Park** ist groß. **This** **park** is big.

8. Wer **kennt** den **Musiker**? Who **knows** the **musician**?

**D Translate** the **underlined English words** to complete the German sentence.  
(Generally 1 mark per word, but for nouns there are 2 marks – one for the correct word, one for remembering capitalisation = 21 marks in total. Items 1,2,3,5,6,7,8 score 2 marks, 4 and 10 score 3 marks, and 9 scores 1 mark.)

1. **You like** the countryside. **Du magst** das Land. (write **two** words)

2. We are in the **village**. Wir sind im **Dorf**. (write **one** word)

3. There are lots of **houses**. Es gibt viele **Häuser**. (write **one** word)

4. **Do you listen** to **music**? **Hörst** du **Musik**? (write **two** words)

5. **We eat** at six o‘clock. **Wir essen** um sechs Uhr. (write **two** words)

6. The **girl** is tired. Das **Mädchen** ist müde. (write **one** word)

7. When in the **concert**? Wann ist das **Konzert**? (write **one** word)

8. He works as a **teacher**. Er artbeitet als **Lehrer**. (write **one** word)

9. **Are** you friendly? **Bist** du freundlich? (write **one** word)

10. I **love** the **culture** in Switzerland. Ich **liebe** die **Kultur** in der Schweiz. (write **two** words)

**Total marks available (Vocabulary): 53**

**Grammar**

**A** Put a (X) next to the person the sentence is about.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **1** | I  you [singular]  s/he  we | … sieht einen Film. |  | **4** | I  they  you [singular]  you [plural] | … kann schwimmen. |
| **2** | you [singular]  they  s/he  you [plural] | … haben Wasser. |  | **5** | s/he  you [plural]  they  I | … seid lieb. |
| **3** | I  you [singular]  s/he  we | … gibst viele Geschenke. |  | **6** | I  you [singular]  s/he  we | … stehen neben dem Fenster. |

**B** Put X next to the noun that completes each sentence.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. | Welches | Häuser (pl)  Essen (nt) | möchtest du? |
| 2. | Diese | Stadt (f)  See (m) | ist sehr schön. |
| 3. | Mein | Bruder (m)  Schwester (f) | ist achtzehn. |
| 4. | Ihre | Katze (f)  Hund (m) | ist schwarz. |
| 5. | Er hat | kein | Kuchen (m).  Spiel (n). |

**C** Put X next to the object that is being described.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 1. | Sie ist gelb. | die Flasche  der Bleistift |
| 2. | Es ist schwer! | die Hausaufgabe  das Englisch |

**D** Put X next to the location that completes each sentence.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 1. | Ich bin in der | Zug (m).  Gruppe (f). |
| 2. | Du bist im | Restaurant (m).  Klasse (f). |

**E Complete** sentence 2 with the **plural** form of the **underlined noun** in sentence 1.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | Sentence 1 | Sentence 2 |
| 1. | Hier ist das **Schwimmbad**. | Hier sind die **Schwimmbäder** . |
| 2. | Hier ist die **Familie**. | Hier sind die **Familien** . |

**F** Write the German for the English given in brackets. Use the clues to help you.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | **Clues** |
| 1. | Er **ist** mein Freund. | **to be** *= sein* |
| 2. | Du **hast** einen Apfel. | **to have** *= haben* |
| 3. | Ihr **habt** ein schönes Haus. | **to have** *= haben* |

**G** Write the German article ‘the’. The gender of the noun is provided.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. | Du liebst **den** Hund (m). |
| 2. | **Das** Handy (nt) ist hier. |
| 3. | **Die** Antwort (f) ist richtig. |

**H** Write the German article ‘a’. The gender of the noun is provided.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. | Wir haben **einen** Tisch (m). |
| 2. | Hast du **eine** Tasche (f)? |
| 3. | Das ist **ein** Lied (nt). |

**Total marks available (Grammar): 26**